

ORDER PAPER

MARTON COMMUNITY COMMITTEE MEETING

Date:	Wednesday, 11 October 2023	
Time:	6.00pm	
Venue:	18 Humphrey Street Marton	
Chair:	Ms Carolyn Bates	
Deputy Chair:	Mr David Christison	
Membership:	Ms Lyn Duncan Mr Peter Farrell Ms Jennifer Greener Ms Belinda Harvey-Larsen Ms Sally Moore Mr John Whittaker Cr Dave Wilson Cr Greg Maughan (Alternate) HWTM Andy Watson	

Purpose of the Committee

- To provide a local link and point of contact for Council liaison with the community.
- To provide for the exchange of information, communication, and to assist with the Council's consultative processes.
- To exercise delegated authority for the annual allocation of \$1.00 per rateable property for "defined small local works" in line with the guidelines provided¹.
- Particularly, to help ensure that any minor remedial or renewal works are brought to Council's attention through the Request for Service procedure, by promoting its use and advising community members on how to use it.
- To be the first point of contact (prior to Council) for community groups. Where this is not possible, the Committee will be informed of the approach by the community group to the Council.
- Placemaking initiatives that are taking place on Council land will be considered and commented on bythe Committee before the application is considered by the Chief Executive.
- To engage with wider/small communities of the ward represented.

For any enquiries regarding this agenda, please contact:

Kezia Spence, Governance Advisor, 0800 422 522 (ext. 917), or via email

kezia.spence@rangitikei.govt.nz

¹ Appended to the Delegations Register

Notice is hereby given that a Marton Community Committee Meeting of the Rangitīkei District Council will be held in the Council Chamber, Rangitīkei District Council, 46 High Street, Marton on Wednesday, 11 October 2023 at 6.00pm.

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AGENDA

- 1 Welcome
- 2 Apologies

3 Public Forum

4 Conflict of Interest Declarations

Members are reminded of their obligation to declare any conflicts of interest they might have in respect of items on this agenda.

5 Confirmation of Order of Business

That, taking into account the explanation provided why the item is not on the meeting agenda and why the discussion of the item cannot be delayed until a subsequent meeting, enter item number be dealt as a late item at this meeting.

6 Confirmation of Minutes

6.1 Confirmation of Minutes

Author: Kezia Spence, Governance Advisor

1. Reason for Report

1.1 The minutes from Marton Community Committee Meeting held on 9 August 2023 are attached.

Attachments

1. Marton Community Committee Meeting - 9 August 2023

Recommendation

That the minutes of Marton Community Committee Meeting held on 9 August 2023 **[as amended/without amendment]** be taken as read and verified as an accurate and correct record of the meeting, and that the electronic signature of the Chair of this Committee be added to the official minutes document as a formal record.



Mrs Ann Deane, Marton Resident

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1 Welcome / Prayer

Carolyn welcomed everyone.

2 Apologies

Apologies received from Ms Lyn Duncan, HWTM Andy Watson and Fiona Moorhouse on behalf of the Community Garden (see 9.3.2).

3 Public Forum

Murray Phillips, Manager Parks & Reserves spoke about the wide variety of support his team provide in the District.

4 Conflict of Interest Declarations

Any conflicts were asked to be raised at the time.

5 Confirmation of Order of Business

There were no planned changes to the order.

6 Confirmation of Minutes

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/016

That the minutes of Marton Community Committee Meeting held on 14 June 2023 **without amendment** be taken as read and verified as an accurate and correct record of the meeting, and that the electronic signature of the Chair of this Committee be added to the official minutes document as a formal record.

Ms C Bates/Mr D Christison. Carried

7 Follow- up Actions

7.1 Follow-up Action Items from Marton Community Committee Meetings

Carolyn confirmed the query regarding the Quorum has been confirmed as at least 50% of the committee.

Dave Wilson advised work at the Village Green had been hampered by wet weather.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/017

That the report 'Follow-up Action Items from Marton Community Committee Meetings' be received.

Mr J Whittaker/Ms S Moore. Carried

7 Chair's Report

8.1 Chair's Report - August 2023

The Committee agreed to progress a Meet the Parties / Candidates event prior to the General Election.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/018

That the Chair's Report – August 2023 be received.

Ms C Bates/Cr D Wilson. Carried

8 Reports for Decision

8.1 Mayor's Report - 25 July 2023

The report was taken as read.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/019

That the Mayor's Report – 25 July 2023 be received.

Mr D Christison/Ms J Greener. Carried

8.2 Mayor's Report - June 2023

The report was taken as read.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/020

That the Mayor's Report – June 2023 be received.

Mr D Christison/Ms J Greener. Carried

8.3 Review of Committee's Terms of Reference

The report was taken as read.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/021

That the Marton Community Committee consider their Terms of Reference and provide any suggested changes to staff.

Cr D Wilson/Ms B Harvey-Larsen. Carried

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/022

That the Marton Community Committee agree to a yearly allocation of \$3,500 for the 2023/24 financial year.

Ms J Greener/Mr D Christison. Carried

8.4 Marton Community Committee Logo

The Committee asked that thanks be passed on to Leah for providing the suggested images.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/023

That Marton Community Committee accept the Marton Community Committee Logo report.

Mr D Christison/Ms J Greener. Carried

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/024

The Marton Community Committee accept the logos as with/without amendment.

Ms S Moore/Ms J Greener. Carried

9 Reports for Information

9.1 RDC Engagement and Consultations

The report was taken as read.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/025

That the report 'RDC Engagement and Consultations' be received.

Ms S Moore/Mr J Whittaker. Carried

9.2 Funding Schemes Update - July 2023

The report was taken as read.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/026

That the Funding Schemes Update – August 2023 be received.

Mr P Farrell/Ms J Greener. Carried

9.3 Small Projects Fund Update - August 2023

The report was taken as read.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/027

That the report 'Small Projects Fund Update – August 2023' be received.

Ms J Greener/Mr D Christison. Carried

9.3.1 Business Awards Sponsorship Proposal

A request for \$1,000 sponsorship had been received from Jasleen Saluja on behalf of Marton Rotary Club.

Dave Wilson stated he had a potential Conflict of Interest. The committee noted the conflict.

Carolyn will write to advise the request is declined but that the committee are supportive of the event.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/028

The Marton Community Committee do not agree to supporting Marton Rotary's request for \$1,000

Mr J Whittaker/Ms S Moore. Carried

9.3.2 Community Garden

A request for \$1,500 was received from Fiona Moorhouse on behalf of the Marton Community Garden.

The outcome of discussion was to provide \$500 to the Community Garden. Carolyn to notify decision and share the views of the committee.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/029

The Marton Community Committee **do not agree** to supporting Marton Community Garden's request for \$1,500.

Mr D Christison/Ms S Moore. Carried

Resolved minute number

The Marton Community Committee **agree** to supporting Marton Community Garden's request for up to \$500.

Ms C Bates/Mr P Farrell. Carried

23/MCC/030

9.4 Communication Plan

The report was taken as read.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/031

That the Communication Plan be received.

9.5 Public Transport-Horizons Regional Council Submission

Carolyn provided copies of the submission document, it was agreed that Carolyn would compile information to form a submission if appropriate.

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/032

That the report Public Transport-Horizons Regional Council Submission be received.

Ms C Bates/Ms S Moore. Carried

10 Discussion Items

10.1 Community Partner update- Request for Service

Carolyn gave an update having spoken to Gaylene Prince re:

- The challenges of reporting out of hours. King Street / Lack of knowledge of RDC Streets & Locations.
- > Lack of Signage at a variety of RDC facilities, to make it easy to report problems.

Callers don't care who answers the phone, they just want to be able to easily and quickly report any problems. There is a reasonable expectation that the person taking the call will be at least familiar with locations in the Rangitikei.

Recommendation

No further action was identified at the moment.

10.2 Meet the Parties and Candidates

Resolved minute number 23/MCC/033

The Committee agreed to progress a Meet the Parties/Candidates event prior to the General Election. Carolyn advised Greg Smith was keen to be involved along with David, Peter, Sally and John.

Mr P Farrell/Mr D Christison. Carried

10.3 Promotion of Committee

Carolyn and John spoke about information gleened from attending the Hunterville Community Committee - they are doing a survey via SurveyMonkey, also Hard Copies would be available at the Hunterville Community Fair on 19 Aug 23.

10.4 Granny's Christmas Grotto

Carolyn complimented Jenny on being on the front page of the District Monitor, acknowledging the potential closing of the Christmas Grotto, that it would be a sad loss to the town.

10.4 Unqualified Engineer

Carolyn queried a recent newspaper item which mentioned an Unqualified Engineer and queried had it caused RDC problems. Dave Wilson said to the best of his knowledge there were no known issues for RDC.

The meeting closed at 8.49pm

The minutes of this meeting were confirmed at the Marton Community Committee held on 11 October 2023.

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Chairperson

7 Follow-up Action Items from Previous Meetings

7.1 Follow-up Action Items from Marton Community Committee Meetings

Author: Kezia Spence, Governance Advisor

1. Reason for Report

1.1 On the list attached are items raised at previous Marton Community Committee meetings. Items indicate who is responsible for follow up, and a brief status comment.

2. Decision Making Process

2.1 Staff have assessed the requirements of the Local Government Act 2002 in relation to this item and have concluded that, as this report is for information only, the decision-making provisions do not apply.

Attachments:

1. Follow-up Actions Register <u>J</u>

Recommendation

That the report 'Follow-up Action Items from Marton Community Committee Meetings' be received.

Current Follow-up Actions

	From Meeting				
Item	Date	Details	Person Assigned	Status Comments	Status
		The Marton Community Committee would		To be investigated, staff will get in	
		like to have input into the design of future		touch with the Committee RE this in	
1	8-Jun-22	signage in the Marton area.	Arno Benadie	due course.	In progress

8 Chair's Report

8.1 Chair's Report - October 2023

Author: Carolyn Bates, Chair

1. Reason for Report

1.1 A verbal report will be provided during the meeting.

Recommendation

That the Chair's Report – October 2023 be received.

ITEM 9.1

9 Reports for Decision

9.1 Mayors Report - 31 August 2023

Author: Andy Watson, His Worship the Mayor

Good afternoon, I am sorry for the length of this report but so much is happening. I am writing this on 22 August ahead of the Council meeting to be held on the 31st, so I apologise for any changes. It seems like politics and national direction ahead of the general election changes day by day.

On Friday 18 August Peter Beggs left to take up his new position in Christchurch so Kevin Ross the Council appointment Interim Chief Executive took up the role on the following day. Thank you Kevin for stepping in and it certainly makes things easy when you seem to know most of our locals, iwi and neighbouring chief executives. The speed with which you have been able to grasp the key issues and vast amount of work ahead for us has been very impressive. Applications close this week to select the new chief executive and I have been advised by Jackson Stone the recruitment agency that there has been significant interest in the position.

With the upcoming national elections in less than eight weeks each political party has been parading their policies and initiatives, although it is cynical to say to there is an element of vote catching rather than attempts to deal with issues. Tomorrow I travel to Parliament to hear Ian McKelvie one of our MP's giving his valedictory speech as a retiring MP before the House rises. Ian's service to Local Government and then to the country has been incredibly impressive, he was the Mayor of the Manawatu District from 2002 to 2011 and then he was elected to be the National Representative for the Rangitikei from 2011 to now. We acknowledge the 21 years of service and wish him well - knowing Ian it is unlikely to be a total retirement.

The Local Government Conference was held in Christchurch on 26-29 July. Dave Wilson our Deputy Mayor attended with me and he has written his own report which I am sure he will want to speak to. Conference this year was significant - it came ahead of the national elections and the mayors, councillors and chief executives were looking for clarity on policy and positions especially on the Water and RMA Reforms. The Conference opened with the outgoing president of LGNZ Stuart Crosby giving his address focusing on the challenges of social media and that Local Government is poorly regarded and poorly funded. His view was that "Local Government was not designed for New Zealand as it is now". I tend to agree – we are being asked to do more and take on many new roles however the accolades given to us by the Government over the Mayoral Taskforce for Jobs were vocal and genuine. We have performed well and it is widely acknowledged. Stuart ended by saying that the LGNZ Board is too large and needs reforming. The question I have is if that is the case, and I support that position, surely he as President had the opportunity to drive that reform. I am hoping that reform does happen and the new President will see to it as a priority.

The next part of the Conference was to elect a new president for LGNZ. This position is critical, LGNZ is our conduit to Government and the President is heavily involved with senior ministers and the Prime Minister representing us. The presidency was hotly contested with Sam Broughton the Mayor of Selwyn winning a close fought race. I would like to acknowledge the other candidates Dan Gordon (Waimakariri Mayor) and Neil Holdom (New Plymouth Mayor). Neil in particular has done some incredible work with Waka Kotahi and has influenced recent shifts in their thinking regarding road maintenance.

Christchurch welcomed delegates with open arms, and it truly is a city reborn, the new conference centre is exceptional and the transformation of the central city, while not complete, is amazing.

The breakfast session on the 27th presented by Francis Valintine was incredible and a Conference highlight. Francis gave insights into New Zealand as it will be. New Zealand is under-populated and will be a haven for new immigrants as the global temperatures rise, essentially people will move north and south to escape heat and we are an incredibly attractive destination. Global birth-rates will continue to decline with couples in many countries electing to have fewer than two children. In New Zealand that trend is true for our European or Pakeha populations however our Pasifica and Maori populations are almost unique in reversing that trend. As our population ages by the increase in life expectancy we will be heavily reliant on the Maori and Pasifica workforces. The ageing population is a significant issue - when the Government of the day put in national super the life expectancy on "super" was not much more than a couple of years, however it is now I think around about 11 years.

Francis also spoke about artificial intelligence which has appeared over not much more than the last couple of years. The discussion is now not if it should happen but how it will affect us, the genie is truly out of the bottle. ChatGPT4 programmed initially in one computer language and in English can now converse in 95 languages including Te Reo and understands every known computer language and it has acquired these skills itself. What is even more scary is that it has learned to manipulate human behaviour to accomplish physical actions that it can't perform.

Dave and I split up to take in different breakout sessions to get the best use of our time. As such I attended the Good Governance for CEO Pay Workshop run by Strategic Pay and took in the notes from Implementing the new RMA Reform from another session. There were several good points made by Strategic Pay but generally the system we used in the Annual Plan process was best practice. The points that we should consider are-

- a. When setting KPI's for a new chief executive ask the chief executive for their opinions (something we do).
- b. Typically there should be a six month performance review although a yearly one should be more formal and structured.
- c. Best to avoid a bonus payment.
- d. Standard leave is four weeks.
- e. The need for a policy on review periods for chief executive pay backed by data received March and September.
- f. It is wise to include a policy that job sizing/salary is reviewable (this is important if Three Waters goes).
- g. Don't have too many KPI's, 6-8 are usual and there were a number of suggested KPIs included in the workshop.

The Mayoral Taskforce for Jobs breakfast session was well attended and as I said incredibly acknowledged by Government and the opposition. We now have two years funding guaranteed. I have attached to my report the end of year Financial Report for the Rangitikei, something that I am obliged to do but also something our district can be proud of. Attached are photos of the MTFJ Roadshow bus.

I am not wanting to steal all of Dave's Local Government Conference points that he wishes to raise and will leave some of the other reporting on sessions to him. Conference is about conversations that happen between elected members, colleagues, government officials and a host of other businesses, NGOs etc. This is the true value for me, the time speaking to Nicole Rosie for example the Chief Executive of Waka Kotahi and other districts about roading concerns holds the highest value. I would encourage all councillors to attend Conference in their term of office.

On Saturday 12 August I opened the new Nga Awa Block (Taihape Amenities Block) in Taihape. In doing so I apologised to Taihape Rugby, we had hoped that the facilities would be open for this season however Covid and Cyclone Gabrielle delays held us up. It was opened within budget and looks fabulous. My sincere thanks go to many people, but I wish to especially thank past councillors Angus Gordon and Ruth Rainey for driving the project, initiating the conversations and insisting on action rather than words. Once the decisions were made staff member Adina Foley acted as Project Manager and her commitment was total, thankyou Adina for the result. We also need to acknowledge our principal funders Lotteries and Four Regions Trust and ratepayers of the entire region.

On the same day we planted a beautiful totara tree to commemorate the coronation of King Charles III in Taihape. Unfortunately it was pulled out post-ceremony but will be replanted.

Marton RSA have asked if a similar coronation tree could also planted at Marton Park which, together with a plaque of acknowledgement, would need to be funded by council rather than the DIA (Department of Internal Affairs). I have put a recommendation to council as part of my report and attach the letter of request.

Government has now enacted or made into law the Three Waters legislation. The revised legislation has "stood up" 10 different water entities of which we are in Entity E made up of the Horizons Regional authorities. Who knows what will happen following the election? If National wins or forms Government in a negotiated partnership they have said that they will repeal and replace however as we don't know quite what that means all I can say is that interesting and challenging times lie ahead of us. Putting together an LTP in this uncertainty will be difficult.

Our district as part of Local Government are in what is called Zone 3. This includes councils from Gisborne/Wairoa down to Tararua and councils from Horowhenua to New Plymouth. Many of these councils were significantly affected by Cyclone Gabrielle. The next Zone meeting, which I co-Chair, will be in Central Hawkes Bay and I encourage this council to consider attending, although accommodation in Central Hawkes Bay is a challenge. The conversations at Zone will include the proposed Government/Local Government buyout of cyclone affected properties – a conversation that may set precedence for New Zealand. I have attached the draft Zone 3 agenda as a guide to councillors to consider.

I attended the Marton Volunteer Fire Brigade Awards Night 10 days ago, something that I try to do each year. Unfortunately I missed the Bulls Awards Night and I would like to apologise for that, there is no excuse I can only apologise. These awards nights are the recognition of thousands of hours of service to the community and our thanks should be recorded not only to the membership but the families and employers that allow it to happen. I have attached a photo of the Marton Fire Brigade, the last Fire Brigade event that Ian McKelvie will attend.

One of the most challenging issues we have at the moment is the state of our roading network and our need to complete a roading procurement, in other words which company maintains our network. The Government have also just released for consultation the GPS for Roading (Government Policy Statement) which gives an indication of where they see roading priorities being. Within the Government roading considerations are the promotion of EV vehicles, safety with the Road to Zero campaign, rail, shipping, light rail spend in Auckland and maintenance amongst others. It is important that we submit on this - we constantly need to argue that maintenance should come first. We have just had an increase in the FAR roading rate (financial assistance rate) which means that 66% of our roading network costs will be met by Waka Kotahi on work that we both agree to. This is a win for us and I have thanked Waka Kotahi.

On 17/18 September LGNZ is holding a Choose Localism Hui in Wellington where they will discuss a consensus position on the Future for Local Government Report. We need to be able to have our say on what Local Government should be delivering and voice this to the new incoming Government and as such I would strongly encourage elected members to attend this hui.

I will now briefly highlight a number of local issues -

- 1. Congratulations to past Deputy Mayor Nigel Belsham and the team at BJW Motors for the opening of their extended workshop and the rebranding to AC Delco.
- 2. Please wherever you can promote the "Connect the Dots" Regional Transport Priority document. Councillor Jeff Wong is being fantastic in this space arguing for an improved local transport network connection. Contact him if you need help.
- 3. I asked in my last update to support the Women's Football World Cup and I attended the regional welcome to the Spanish Team. If New Zealand couldn't win it is it great that a team stationed in our region did.
- 4. On 8 September Mangaweka School will have a day at the Mangaweka Campground and will be presented with an Environ Award. My thanks to the principal Memory Lyons for the invitation to myself and any councillors who wish to attend.
- 5. Attached is a photo of the Memorial Hall in Marton being used for the recent "Toy Dog Show" and yes they are real small dogs. The reason for the photo and my comment is that they went to great lengths to protect the floor by putting mats under every cage and walkway. Thank you for this consideration and I now know a little more about the different types of spaniels.
- 6. I attended a vaping/smoking workshop recently. Vaping has become an enormous social, health and educational issue. Government is looking to lower to the number of vaping outlets which is great but the risk is in my opinion that they will just be sourced on the internet and procurement will be driven underground which may not be a great result.
- 7. An update was received by my office from Rangitikei College scholarship recipient Erin Wigglesworth during the month. Erin is studying engineering at the University of Canterbury and is finding her studies challenging but enjoyable. It is always pleasing to hear reports back from our rangatahi about how they are succeeding as a result of our scholarships.

Finally, there has been a request to work with TAS (Taihape Area School) as they rebuild their school. Their request potentially askes for use of some of our park space and as such we will engage with park users to talk further. Ours and the community's overriding considerations should be to support the school.

Mayors Engagement

August 2023

1	Attended meeting with Principal Rangitikei College
	Attended LGNZ Zoom re engineering issues
	Attended weekly meeting with Deputy Mayor
2	Attended Finance mini-workshop on LTP
	Attended monthly Q&A session with Executive Leadership Team
	Attended meeting with Interim Chief Executive
	Attended farewell dinner function for Chief Executive with Elected Members
3	Attended LTP Workshop
4	Attended Accessing Central NZ Governance Group Meeting
5	Attended Hautapu River Parks Planting Day
7	Attended NZGIF visit and presentation to Marton with Kim Von Lanthen
	Attended Hunterville Community Committee Meeting
8	Attended Te Roopuu Ahi Kaa Komiti Meeting
	Attended weekly meeting with Chief Executive
	Attended weekly LTP meeting with staff
	Attended weekly meeting with Deputy Mayor
	Attended Ratana Community Board meeting
9	Attended Golf Day at Taihape Golf Club
	Attended meeting with Ministry of Education at Taihape Area School
	Attended Taihape Community Board Meeting
10	Attended Assets & Infrastructure Committee Workshop
	Attended Policy/Planning Committee Meeting
	Attended Turakina Community Committee
11	Attended Fortnightly Discussions on Economic Development with staff
	Attended MTFJ Governance Group Zoom Meeting
	Attended Zone 3 Chairs Zoom meeting
	Attended meeting with Interim Chief Executive
12	Attended Opening of Nga Awa Block Taihape and King's Coronation Planting Event
	Attended FENZ – Service Honours Night in Marton
14	Attended weekly LTP meeting with staff
15	Attended Defence Hub Meeting at Ohakea
16	Attended weekly meeting with Chief Executive
17	Attended Vape Free Kaupapa Hui
18	Attended final weekly meeting with Chief Executive before his departure
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19	Attended opening of AC Delco Marton
20	Attended planting day at Warrens Road
21	Attended Zone 3 Zoom Discussion
	Attended weekly catchup with Interim Chief Executive
	Attended Te Hou Farms – Opening of New Milking Shed Bulls
	Attended LGNZ Zoom meeting re engineering consenting issues
	Attended weekly LTP meeting
	Attended Youth Council Meeting
22	Attended Regional Transport Matters/Regional Chiefs Zoom meeting
	Attended weekly catchup with Interim Chief Executive
	Attended Waka Kotahi quarterly meeting
	Attended weekly meeting with Deputy Mayor
23	Attended Mayoral Taskforce for Jobs Zoom meeting
	Attended Ian McKelvie's Valedictory Speech at Parliament
24	Attended LTP Council workshop
	Attended Nga Tawa Science Technology Roadshow
	Attended MDG AGM
25	Attended weekly catchup with Interim Chief Executive
	Attended Heartland Services Mud Shout in Taihape
28	Attended breakfast meeting with Mayor Helen Worboys
	Attended subcommittee meeting with Jackstone Stone recruitment agency
	Attended weekly LTP meeting
29	Attended monthly RDC/Police catchup
	Attended weekly meeting with Interim Chief Executive
	Attended How to the RMA, Emergency Works and Severe Weather Legislation Zoom
	Attended Citizenship Ceremony
	Attended weekly meeting with Deputy Mayor
	Attended RRCC AGM
30	Attended Zone 3 Co-Chairs Zoom
31	Attended Finance/Performance Committee Meeting
	Attended Council Meeting

Recommendation 1:

That the Mayors Report – 31 August 2023 be received.

9.2 Mayor's Report - September 2023

Author: Andy Watson, His Worship the Mayor

It seems like Local Government is in a holding pattern ahead of the general elections. With Government having made many legislative changes in the last few weeks such as enacting the 10 Water Entities and the RMA (Resource Management Act) we as a Local Government sector are struggling to understand the effects that these changes bring and in the "blue corner" National has promised a repeal of most of those new laws. I feel for staff trying to understand and resource what is a very undecided future.

The way that Local Government operates also needs reform and for the last couple of years there has been a huge effort from working parties to look at the future of Local Government, how it is funded and what its role is in New Zealand. This work needed to be done. Local Government is being asked to do more and more over time. No longer is our work just about core services such as roading, rates and rubbish. We are responsible for the guardianship of our environment, coping with climate change and are involved with all sorts of social issues such as housing, health, economic development, and all of the "wellbeings" of our residents.

On 17 September myself and Councillor Fi Dalgety, along with most Mayors and many Councillors attended a meeting in Wellington to discuss the 17 recommendations on the Future For Local Government. Details of those recommendations can be found here – <u>https://www.rangitikei.govt.nz/council/publications/the-future-for-local-government-report</u>

I have also attached an analysis that explains the FFLG Panel's recommendations, summarises their pros and cons and poses some questions for consideration. This looks at how likely Local Government and Central Government support is for each recommendation and is based on member feedback over the past two years together with analysis of councils' submissions.

Many of these recommendations have merit but the difficulty is for Local Government to adopt them, they have to be funded. One of the recommendations suggest that funding could be delivered by a percentage of the GST gathered, to be returned to the district. My concern is that both Government and the opposition have been aware of and involved in the discussions around these recommendations for some time and neither party has been willing to support them as part of their election manifesto. So it is quite possible that there may be no change at all.

Along with Alan Buckendahl, President of Marton RSA, I attended a memorial service in Australia recently for Danniel Lyon or "Diesel" as he was known. Danniel died piloting a helicopter in Australia flying for the Australian Defence Force in July. The local connection is that for some time he was posted to Ohakea on secondment flying for No.3 Squadron here. Danniel joined our RSA, became involved in our district, attended our events and fully involved himself within our patch. New Zealand Defence offered Alan and I the chance to fly to Australia along with members of the No.3 Squadron to represent New Zealand at the memorial service via a C130 (Hercules) flight. I would like to thank both the Australian and New Zealand Defence Forces for making that happen.

Unfortunately, while I was involved with the Australian memorial service on the 13th and 14th of September I was unable to attend a series of events back home. I am yet to catch up on the RRCC (Rangitīkei River Catchment Collective) AGM that was held while I was away. It is a pity I wasn't there, but I was represented by Councillor Dalgety and I will ask her to comment as part of my

ITEM 9.2

Mayor's Report. The RRCC does some amazing work that they fund themselves on improvements to our waterways and they deserve recognition. I also missed the Opening of the Military Working Dogs Facility at Ohakea which I understand is quite a significant step forward in the range of facilities offered by Ohakea. The last thing I missed was being part of Council's workshop on the Roading Procurement Contract options for Rangitīkei District Council. I have spoken about this before but this is essentially a process where we decide who will maintain our district's roads over the next up to 9 years. At the time of writing this I am looking forward to a briefing by the Chair of Assets Dave Wilson and Senior Staff ahead of today's Council meeting. This is an issue that will be further discussed in Public Excluded as part of this Council meeting.

I did however get back in time on the 14th to attend an inaugural meeting of the Business Rangitīkei Official Launch in Marton in the Opal Lounge at Cooks Bar. For some time the businesses in the Rangitīkei have felt as though they haven't had a combined representation to Council. The turnout of local businesses to this event was phenomenal and I am looking forward to Council having the opportunity to work with that group. In some ways with the demise of Project Marton there has been no local voice in Marton and this is a significant step forward.

On the weekend I attended a cleanup in Bulls as part of the national weekend sponsored by Smart Environmental. I thank the members of the community who turned up to support this in Bulls. It gave me the opportunity, along with others, to pick up a huge amount of rubbish for example around the Bulls Bridge and correct what has been an eyesore for people visiting our community for some time. I have attached a photograph of the rubbish I collected on my own trailer.

Recently we had a resignation from Kelly Widdowson who led the formation and operation of the Youth Council for the Rangitīkei. I appreciate the work that Kelly has done with youth from right across our district and the work that she has done with Forge Boxing in Marton and wish her well.

Recently Nga Wairiki Ngati Apa received a very large delegation from the followers of the Ratana faith that served as an introduction to the new Tumuaki of Ratana, Sonny Tumou. This took place at the Marton Memorial Hall and was a very significant occasion for both Ratana and our Iwi and I was pleased to be able to represent Council and sit alongside Iwi and support them.

During September I also attended the opening of the new interactive 3D squash court in Taihape. Tyson Burrows and Darryl O'Hara have been instrumental in securing funding for what is one of only three interactive squash courts in New Zealand. The court will provide squash and racquet-ball training for A-Graders as well as a virtual arcade for interactive junior level fun. I have included a photograph of the cutting of the ribbon by Chris Renshaw our local representative on the Four Regions Trust who provided funding towards the court.

Mayors Engagement

September 2023

3 Attended Church Service at Rata	
	ana
4 Attended weekly LTP meeting w	ith staff
Attended weekly meeting with I	nterim Chief Executive
Attended Climate Action Joint C	ommittee Meeting
Attended Mayoral Forum	
5 Attended Emergency Managem	ent Joint Standing Committee Meeting
Attended Regional Transport Co	mmittee Meeting
Attended weekly meeting with I	Deputy Mayor
Attended Marton Development	Group AGM
6 Attended monthly ELT meeting	for Governors Q&A
Attended Funeral for Erina True	
Attended Bulls Museum progres	ss update meeting
7 Attended Working Group Meeti	ng – Review of Revenue & Financing Policy
Attended LTP workshop	
8 Attended Mangaweka School Er	wiron Awards
Attended Bio Forestry meeting i	n Wellington
10 Attended Taihape Squash Club (Grand Opening of Interactive Court
11 Attended CE Recruitment meeti	ng with Jackson Stone
Attended weekly LTP meeting	
12 Attended weekly meeting with I	nterim Chief Executive
Attended weekly meeting with I	Deputy Mayor
13 Attended Memorial service for 0	Capt Danniel 'Diesel' Lyon in Nowra Australia
14 Attended Business Rangitikei Of	ficial Launch
15 Attended Accelerate25 Lead Tea	am meeting
17 Attended Te Matoro o te Tumua	aki Tuawaru o te Haahi Ratana
Attended Choose Localism – a F	uture by Local Government LGNZ Hui
18 Attended Choose Localism – a F	uture by Local Government LGNZ Hui
19 Attended Regional Transport M	atters Fortnightly Zoom
Attended weekly meeting with I	nterim Chief Executive
Attended Three Waters Reform	Provisions - Rural Water Schemes Meeting with DIA
Attended weekly meeting with I	Deputy Mayor
20 Attended breakfast meeting wit	h Mayor Helen Worboys
Attended weekly LTP meeting	

	Attended meeting with Ministry of Education and Taihape Area School
21	Attended Risk/Assurance Committee Meeting
	Attended Assets & Infrastructure Workshop
22	Attended fortnightly discussion on Economic Development with staff
	Attended Chief of Air Force Change of Command Ceremony at Ohakea
	Attended Ceremonial Start of Daybreaker Rally in Feilding
23	Attended Spring Fling in Taihape
25	Attended Marton Christian Welfare Council AGM
	Attended weekly meeting with Interim Deputy Chief Executive
26	Attended weekly meeting with Deputy Mayor
28	Attended Finance/Performance Committee Meeting
	Attended Council Meeting
	Attended Manawatu-Whanganui Disaster Relief Fund Trust AGM
22	Attended fortnightly discussion on Economic Development with staff

Attachments:

- 1. Interactive 3D Squash Court Taihape 🕹
- 2. Bulls Clean Up Day Rubbish Collected 😃
- 3. Elected Member Attendance <u>J</u>
- 4. FFLG Recommendations <u>J</u>

Recommendation

That the Mayor's Report – September 2023 be received.







	Elected Members													
Date	Meeting	HWTM	Wilson	Calkin	Carter	Dalgety	Duncan	Hiroa	Lambert	Loudon	Maughan	Raukawa	Wong	Notes
25-Oct-22	Council (Inaugural)	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	
03-Nov-22	Council	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	
14-Nov-22	Creative NZ Committee	PR					PR							
16-Nov-22	Audit and Risk	PR	PR	AT		PR		PR		AT	AT			
21-Nov-22	HRWS	PR							PR		AT			
														There was confusion re
23-Nov-22	Finance/Performance	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	AP		PR	PR		PR	membership of the committee
														HWTM was late due to Council
23-Nov-22	Council	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	business
29-Nov-22	ERWS	AP									PR		AT	
														Meeting not held due to lack of
29-Nov-22	Bulls													quorum
30-Nov-22	Santoft DMC	PR		PR	PR									
01-Dec-22	Turakina CC	PR			PR									
12-Dec-22	Hunterville CC	PR				PR			PR					
13-Dec-22	TRAK	PR					PR							
14-Dec-22	Taihape CB	PR					PR						PR	
14-Dec-22	Marton CC													Meeting not held due to lack of quorum
15-Dec-22	Finance/Performance	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AT			PR	PR		PR	
15-Dec-22	Council	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	-
20-Dec-22	Ratana CB	PR	AT		AT									-
26 Jan-23	Workshop	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	-
01-Feb-23	Santoft DMC	PR		AT	PR									-
08-Feb-23	Taihape CB	PR					PR	AT					PR	-
08-Feb-23	Marton CC	CB	AB								AB			-
09 Feb-23	Workshop	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	-
09 Feb-23	Turakina CC	PR			PR									-
13-Feb-23	Hunterville CC	CB				PR			PR					-
14 Feb-23	Ratana CB	PR						PR						-
16 Feb-23	Workshop	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	-
22-Feb 23	Finance/Performance	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR				PR	PR		PR	-
22 Feb-23	Council	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	-
1 Mar 23	Workshop	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	-
07 Mar 23	ERWS	PR									PR		PR	-
09 Mar 23	A&I Workshop	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	-
09 Mar 23	P&P	PR	PR				PR	PR	PR		AP			
13 Mar 23	HRWS	СВ				PR			PR					-
14 Mar 23	BCC	PR		PR	PR									
15 Mar 23	R&A	PR	PR	AT		PR		AP		PR				
15 Mar 23	Council	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	-
20 Mar 23	Youth	PR					PR						PR	1
30-Mar-23	Finance/Performance	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR				AP	PR		PR	-
30-Mar-23	Council	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	1

Elected Members

											r		
4-Apr-23	Ratana CB	СВ						PR					
6-Apr-23	Turakina CC	PR			PR								
11-Apr-23	TRAK	PR					PR	PR					
11-Apr-23	Maori Rates Remission	PR				PR		PR					PR
11-Apr-23	Omatane RWS						PR						
12-Apr-23	Taihape CB	PR					PR						PR
12-Apr-23	Marton CC	СВ	PR			AT					PR		
13-Apr-23	Assets/Infrastructure	PR	PR		PR	PR	PR		PR	PR	PR		PR
17-Apr-23	Youth						PR						PR
17-Apr-23	Hunterville CC	СВ	AT			AP			PR				
20-Apr-23	Workshop	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	AP	PR	PR	AP	AP	PR
26-Apr-23	Council	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR
27-Apr-23	Sport NZ RTF	СВ	AT	PR	AT	T IN		<u> </u>			PR		
	Finance/Performance	СВ	PR	PR	PR	AP				PR	PR		PR
27-Apr-23		AP	PR	РК		AP				PR	PR		PR
10-May-23	Bulls CC				PR	22		10	20	20	20	4.0	
11-May-23	Annual Plan Hearings	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR
11-May-23	Annual Plan Hearings	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR
15-May-23	HRWS	PR				PR			PR				
15-May-23	Youth	PR				PR	AP						PR
18-May-02	Workshop	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	AP	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR
24-May-23	Finance/Performance	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR				PR	PR		PR
24-May-23	Council	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR
1-Jun-23	Council	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	AP	PR	PR	AP	PR
5-Jun-23	ERWS	PR									PR		PR
5-Jun-23	ORWS	PR					PR						
7-Jun-23	Creative NZ Committee	СВ					PR						
8-Jun-23	Turakina CC	PR			PR								
12-Jun-23	Hunterville CC	PR					1		PR				
13-Jun-23	Ratana CB	PR						AP					
14-Jun-23	Taihape CB	СВ					PR	AT					AP
14-Jun-23		PR	PR					AI			PR		Ar
	Marton CC			00	DD	00	00	00	00	00		4.0	00
15-Jun-23	Workshop	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AB	PR
15-Jun-23	Policy / Planning	PR	PR			AT	PR	PR	PR		PR		
19-Jun-23	Youth Council	PR					PR						PR
20-Jun-23	TRAK	PR					PR	PR					
22-Jun-23	R&A	PR	PR	AT		PR		PR		PR			
22-Jun-23	Council	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR
29-Jun-23	Finance/Performance	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR				PR	PR		PR
29-Jun-23	Council	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR
11-Jul-23	McIntyre Reserve	PR											PR
12-Jul-23	AIN Meeting	PR	PR		AP	PR	PR		PR	PR	AP		PR
12-Jul-23	Workshop	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	AB	PR
12-Jul-23	Bulls CC	PR			PR							AT	
13-Jul-23	Workshop	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR
17-Jul-23	HRWS	PR				PR			PR				
17-Jul-23 19-Jul-23	SDMC								r N				
		PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR
25-Jul-23	Council	PK	I'r K	AP	PK	I PR	AP	PK	۲ĸ	PK	۲ň	۲ň	Irk

3-Aug-23	Workshop	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	PR	AB	PR]
7-Aug-23	HCC	PR				PR			PR					
8-Aug-23	TRAK	PR					PR							
8-Aug-23	Ratana CB	PR						PR						
9-Aug-23	Taihape CB	PR					PR						PR	
9-Aug-23	Marton CC	СВ	PR								PR			
10-Aug-23	AIN Workshop													Attendance not taken
10-Aug-23	P&P	PR	PR			AT	PR	PR	PR	AT	PR			
10-Aug-23	Turakina CC	PR			PR									
21-Aug-23	Youth Council	PR					PR						PR	
24-Aug-23	Workshop	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR(PM only)	AP	PR	
31-Aug-23	Finance/Performance	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR				PR	PR		PR	
31-Aug-23	Council	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	PR	
7-Sep-23	Workshop	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR-AM only	AP	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	
13-Sep-23	Bulls CC													Minutes not received
14-Sep-23	Workshop	СВ	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	PR	PR	AP	PR	
21-Sep-23	RA Meeting	PR	PR	AP		PR		AB		PR	AT			
21-Sep-23	AIN Workshop	PR	PR		PR	PR	PR		AP	PR	PR		PR]

Present (and is a member of the committee) Apology Absent - no apology received

Not a member of the committee

Not a member of the committee (but still attended) Not present as on Council business Attended via Zoom [*this indicator is no longer used*]

AB	
AT	
CB	
75.4	

PR AP

HOW DO THE FFLG REPORT RECOMMENDATIONS STACK UP?

In June 2023, the Future for Local Government Panel released its final report.

LGNZ's 2023 AGM agreed that local government should develop a consensus position or positions on the Panel's recommendations to put in front of the incoming government. Together we're aiming to produce a powerful advocacy position that local government can unite behind, covering all aspects of the report but not necessarily agreeing with every recommendation. For example, there may be aspects of the report that collectively we think need to change, and there may be things not addressed in the report that we think we need to be part of a package of change. While we understand the ambition of this task given the range of views in local government, there will be value in challenging ourselves - and being clear about where we think differently from each other, and why.

To help generate that consensus position, we've analysed the Panel's recommendations from a local government point of view. This document sets out the pros and cons of each recommendation, as well as posing some questions for you to consider. The table below also looks at the probable level of support each recommendation has from both local and central government. These are based on all the engagement we've done on FFLG over the past two years including multiple workshops, submissions and analysis of councils' submissions. We've suggested some potential broad-brush categorisations:

- \checkmark = Likely to be broad/strong levels of support
- * = Unlikely to be broad/strong levels of support
- ? = Uncertain and may depend on the makeup of the incoming government

Recommendation	What does this recommendation mean?	Pr	os and cons	Potential LG support	Potential CG support
#1 Entrench the purpose of local government, as set out in the Local Government Act 2002, to embed intergenerational wellbeing and local democracy at the heart of local government.	The Local Government Act 2002 (LGA) sets out the purpose of local government: "to enable democratic local decision-making and action by, and on behalf of, communities and to promote the social, economic, environmental and cultural well-being of communities." However, it's possible for Parliament to change the purpose of local government with a simple majority. In 2013, a National-led Government changed the purpose of local government: "to meet the current and future needs of communities for good-quality local infrastructure, local public services and performance of regulatory functions in a way that is most cost-effective for households and businesses." Many councils continued to focus on promoting the social, economic, cultural and environmental wellbeing of their communities by relying on local government having the power of general competence, which says that councils can choose what activities to undertake and how to undertake them. Then in 2019, a Labour-led Government changed the purpose back to enabling democratic local decision-making and action by, and on behalf of, communities and to promote the social, economic, environmental and cultural well-being of communities. The focus on promoting wellbeing sits alongside and guides councils' obligations to provide infrastructure to their communities.	$\uparrow \qquad \uparrow \qquad \uparrow \qquad \uparrow \qquad \downarrow$	 We've heard support from councils for local government's 'wellbeing purpose'. Entrenching local government's purpose would give local government constitutional recognition and formalise local government's role and purpose. It would help to recognise local government as an autonomous arm of government. It would also give local government a stronger mandate. It would avoid potential for repeated changes to local government's purpose, at the whim of politics. Repeated changes make it difficult for councils to operate to their full effect. The current purpose is enabling and supports close connection with communities – changes to the purpose might narrow the scope of local government to focus more on central government priorities. Society, circumstances, and priorities can change. Entrenchment would make it more difficult for the purpose of local government to evolve to meet changing circumstances and priorities. 	•	×



Questions to ponder

Is the current purpose of local government sufficiently broad that it would still be relevant even if there was a change in circumstances and/or priorities?

Are there any other provisions in the LGA that you think should be entrenched?

Should the LGA itself be entrenched – so that any decision to substantially amend or repeal and replace the LGA requires the support of a super majority?

	It also means implementing this recommendation would require 75% of				
	It also means implementing this recommendation would require 75% of Parliament to support.				
#2 Introduce statutory provisions to reinforce and give effect to the purpose of local government in the Local Government Act 2002, by: ► councils setting wellbeing goals and priorities each term, in	At the moment, there's no explicit requirement for councils to set wellbeing goals and priorities each term with their community and iwi/hapū/Māori. This means councils' approaches vary.	1	Would help guide and prioritise decision-making by councils about the services that they're providing to their communities.	✓	?
	But we know that a large number of councils are actively engaging with their communities and iwi/hapū/Māori to set wellbeing goals and priorities, including through long-term plans. Long-term plans set out the outcomes that the council wants to achieve for its community. These outcomes help to inform the decisions that councils make about investing in infrastructure. The Panel's view is that requiring councils to work with their communities and iwi/hapū/Māori to develop wellbeing goals and priorities would help to ensure that councils fulfil their purpose. It would also help councils to ensure that the services they provide are designed to meet the wellbeing needs and priorities of their communities.	1	ls a way of more actively engaging communities and iwi/hapū/Māori in local government decision-making.		
conjunction with community and hapū/iwi and Māori		\downarrow	Setting wellbeing goals and priorities with communities and iwi/hapū/Māori is potentially a costly and time-consuming process.		
		\downarrow	Wellbeing goals and priorities have the potential to change regularly depending on external circumstances, including political preferences.		
 #2 Introduce statutory provisions to reinforce and give effect to the purpose of local government in the Local Government Act 2002, by: central and local government committing to align wellbeing priorities and agree place-based investment plans. 	 Investing in meeting communities' wellbeing needs and priorities is important to local government – we heard that from you in our engagement on the FFLG. But we've also heard that councils often find that central government's investments are not geared towards the needs and priorities that communities have. This recommendation presents an opportunity to think more broadly about the future of the public service in New Zealand and how central and local government can best work together to deliver good outcomes for communities. There's currently no consistent or mandated approach for how central and local government should work together to align wellbeing priorities and agree place-based investment plans that meet those priorities. This means that there's often a lack of alignment between central and local government's priorities and investments. Some councils are working closely with central government agencies to align priorities and invest in communities, for example there are Urban Growth Partnerships between central government agencies, councils and mana whenua in Greater Christchurch, the Waikato, Bay of Plenty and Queenstown. 	1	Would ensure that investment by central government actually meets the needs and priorities of local communities – and avoid duplication.	✓	?
		1	Central government can draw on local government's knowledge: given their proximity to communities, councils are best-placed to work with communities to identify their priorities and needs.		
		\uparrow	Would potentially strengthen the relationship between central and local government.		
		1	Provides local government with a way to be involved in central government planning and decision-making – rather than just being a delivery arm.		
		\downarrow	May make planning decisions more time consuming and difficult.		
		\downarrow	Likely to be challenges getting alignment between central government agencies – local government would need central government to come to the table with a 'joined up' view of things.		
		\downarrow	Potential for regional approaches to overlook unique local circumstances and needs.		
	The Resource Management Reforms will introduce mandatory regional spatial planning, and require the councils in a region, along with mana				



Is a specific statutory requirement to set wellbeing goals and priorities a good idea, or is more flexibility preferable?

How would these wellbeing goals and priorities relate to or be different from the community outcomes included in councils' LTPs?

Would you see setting of wellbeing priorities and development of place-based investment plans happening at a regional scale, or with individual councils? Could the recommendation align with regional spatial planning?

What should happen if councils' community wellbeing priorities differ from central government's?

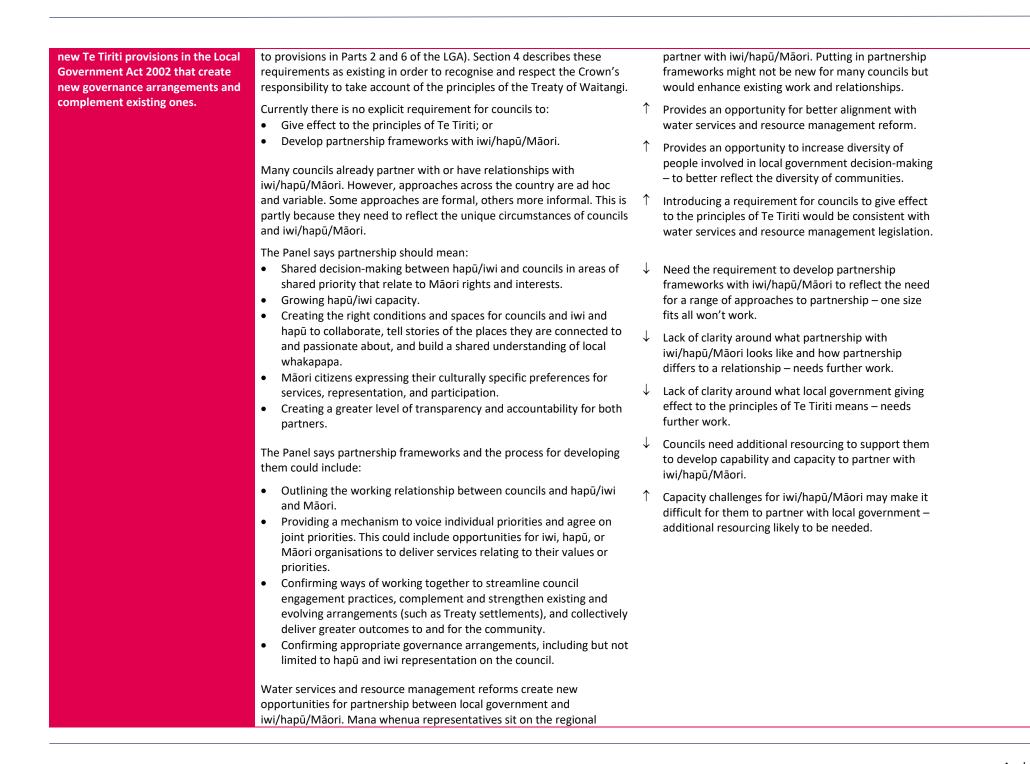
Would you prefer an approach where central government is required to agree to support and fund the wellbeing priorities worked out by councils with their communities and iwi/hapū/Māori?

Analysis of FFLG report recommendations // 2

	whenua and central government representatives, to set out how regions will grow, adapt and change over time and how land, infrastructure and other resources will be used to promote the wellbeing of people, the environment and economy. Spatial planning will be supported with implementation plans and agreements to support the delivery of agreed actions. Although regional spatial planning will look at things from a regional, with an theory loop a promotion to the promotion to think				
	rather than local, perspective, there could be opportunities to think about how the Panel's recommendation for place-based priorities and investment plans could align with the shift to regional spatial planning. Alternatively, central government could agree to supporting and funding local government to deliver the wellbeing priorities it has agreed with its communities and iwi/hapū/Māori.				
#3 Introduce new provisions in the Local Government Act 2002 that explicitly recognise local	The LGA does not explicitly recognise local government as a partner to Te Tiriti o Waitangi. Instead, section 4 talks about the need for local government to fulfil certain requirements around Māori participation in decision-making in order to recognise and respect the Crown's responsibility to take appropriate account of the principles of the Treaty of Waitangi. This recommendation talks about explicitly identifying local government as a Te Tiriti partner. It relates to recommendation 4, which talks about partnership frameworks and giving effect to the principles of Te Tiriti (an obligation that sits with the Crown as a Treaty partner). However, while this recommendation suggests that local government should be named as a Treaty partner, most the Panel's report talks about Te Tiriti-based partnership and growing partnerships between local government and iwi/hapū/Māori. Arguably those are two different things so there is a need for some clarity. This recommendation also talks about te ao Māori values being woven into the system of local government.	1	Recognises and builds on the fact that many councils already see themselves as a Te Tiriti partner and are working in partnership with iwi/hapū/Māori.	?	?
government as a partner to Te Tiriti o Waitangi and te ao Māori values to strengthen authentic		1	Also recognises and builds on the work councils are doing to build te ao Māori values into their ways of working.		
relationships in the local exercise of kāwanatanga and rangatiratanga.		\uparrow	Would support iwi and hapū to exercise kāwanatanga and rangatiratanga.		
		1	Would help to achieve consistency with other legislation that relates to local government, such as the Water Services Entities Act and Natural and Built Environments Act.		
		↑	Creates an opportunity for councils to do things in new ways.		
		\downarrow	Lack of clarity as to what being a Te Tiriti partner means in practice for councils.		
		\downarrow	May significantly raise expectations that councils don't currently have the capacity or capability to meet.		
		\downarrow	Lack of clarity as to the difference between partnership and relationship.		
#4 Introduce a statutory requirement for councils to develop	The LGA requires councils to maintain and improve opportunities for Māori to contribute to decision-making processes. It also requires	1	Councils given more certainty and clarity around the need for partnership with iwi/hapū/Māori.	?	?
partnership frameworks with hapū/iwi and Māori to give effect to		\uparrow	Reflects work local government is already doing to		



	1
Is more clarity need about what being a Te Tiriti partner means?	
What support and resourcing would councils need to fulfil their obligations as Te Tiriti partners?	
portificio.	
What does "partnership" mean, and how is it different from "relationship"?	





What are the things that concern you about partnering with iwi/hapū/Māori?

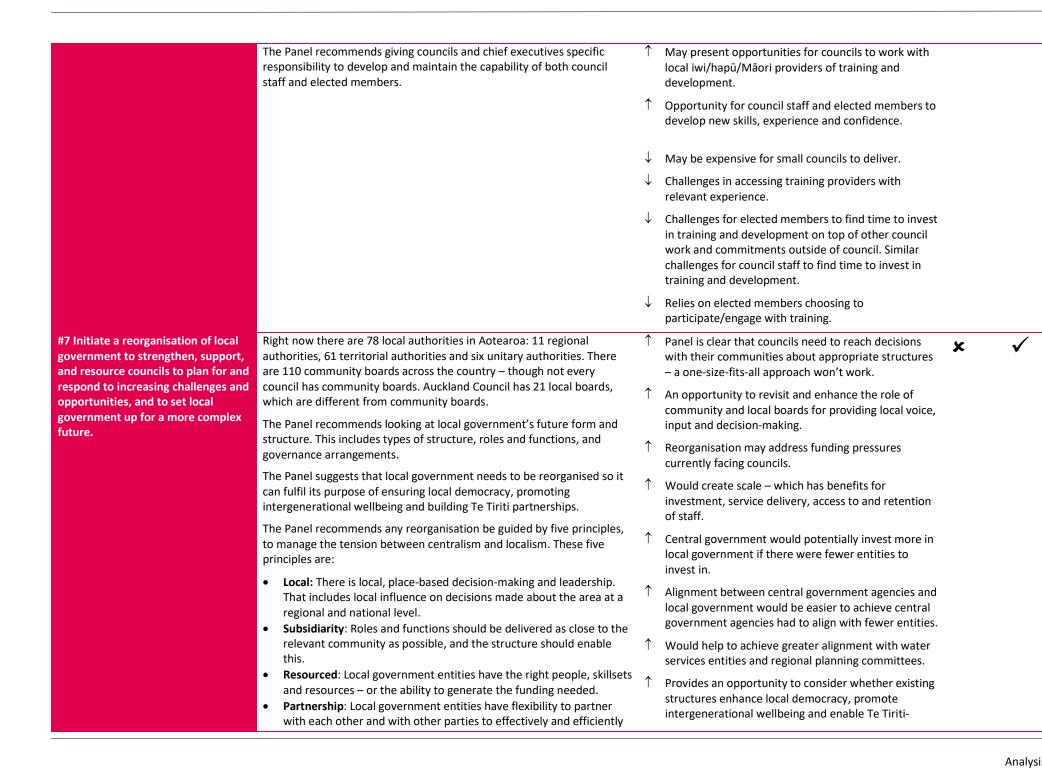
What resourcing or support would your council need to grow its capacity and capability to partner with iwi/hapū/Māori?

What elements do you think a partnership framework should capture?

	representation groups established for the water services entities (50/50 local government and mana whenua representation). There will be a requirement for a minimum of two mana whenua representatives to sit on each of the regional planning committees. There's an opportunity to think about how these partnership arrangements are consistent with (and enable or undermine) existing partnership arrangements that councils have with iwi/hapū/Māori. The Water Services Entities Act and the Natural and Built Environments Act place a requirement on all persons performing duties, functions or				
	powers under those Acts to give effect to the principles of Te Tiriti o Waitangi. This recommendation presents an opportunity to align the LGA with those requirements.				
#5 Central government leads a comprehensive review of requirements for engaging with	Local government is a creature of statute, with legislation setting out councils' obligations. Different pieces of legislation set out different obligations for engaging with iwi, hapū and Māori.	1	Opportunity to minimise duplication of engagement efforts and streamline processes – particularly across different legislation (for example, the LGA, NBA/SPA,	?	?
Māori across legislation that impacts local government, considering opportunities to streamline or align those requirements.	This recommendation identifies an opportunity to align all obligations on councils and achieve more consistency. It presents an opportunity to make sure engagement works for both local government and for iwi/hapū/Māori, who are overburdened by multiple requests from central and local government agencies. The Panel sees reviewing existing engagement requirements as an opportunity for Māori to contribute to decision-making in ways that are more consistent with the notion of partnership.	1	the Reserves Act etc). Opportunity to address the burden of engagement and advisory requests on iwi/hapū/Māori from central and local government agencies, including opportunities for central and local government to		
		\downarrow	better coordinate and align engagement activity. May lead to even greater demands being placed on iwi/hapū/Māori, particularly if stronger engagement requirements are put in place.		
		\downarrow	Looking only at legislation affecting local government may not adequately address the problem.		
		1	Any arrangements put in place must be sufficiently flexible to recognise the unique circumstances of iwi/hapū/Māori and councils across the motu.		
#6 Amend the Local Government Act 2002 to require councils (elected members and chief executives) to prioritise and invest in developing and strengthening their capability and capacity in the areas of Te Tiriti o Waitangi, te ao Māori values, mātauranga Māori, tikanga, and the whakapapa of local government in order to make local government a better Te Tiriti partner.	This recommendation recognises that if local government is to be a Te Tiriti partner and have additional obligations to partner with iwi/hapū/Māori, then local government's capability and capacity in Te Tiriti o Waitangi, te ao Māori values, mātauranga Māori, tikanga and the whakapapa of local government must be developed. Many councils are already working hard to build their capability and capacity in these areas but are at different stages and have varying abilities to resource this effort. That means there must be sufficient flex in any legislative requirements.	1	Most councils already provide Te Tiriti training opportunities to both staff and elected members. This recommendation would strengthen existing work.	?	?
		1	Introducing this requirement would help to ensure all councils have access to training and development opportunities in this area.		
		1	If other related recommendations are adopted, investing in capability and capacity would help ensure that councils are able to fulfil the obligations they propose.		



How could central and local government better align their engagement with	
iwi/hapū/Māori? Would your council benefit from taking a more coordinated approach to engagement with iwi/hapū/Māori?	
Do there need to be ways to ensure elected members access appropriate training and development?	
What additional resourcing might be needed to support councils to fulfil these requirements? Could there be a role for LGNZ and Taituarā to assist with providing training and development?	





Are there any other actions that should be taken to support the capability and capacity of local government to be a better Te Tiriti Partner?

Do you agree existing structures need to change?

Do you agree with the five principles for reorganisation the Panel has identified? Are there any principles missing?

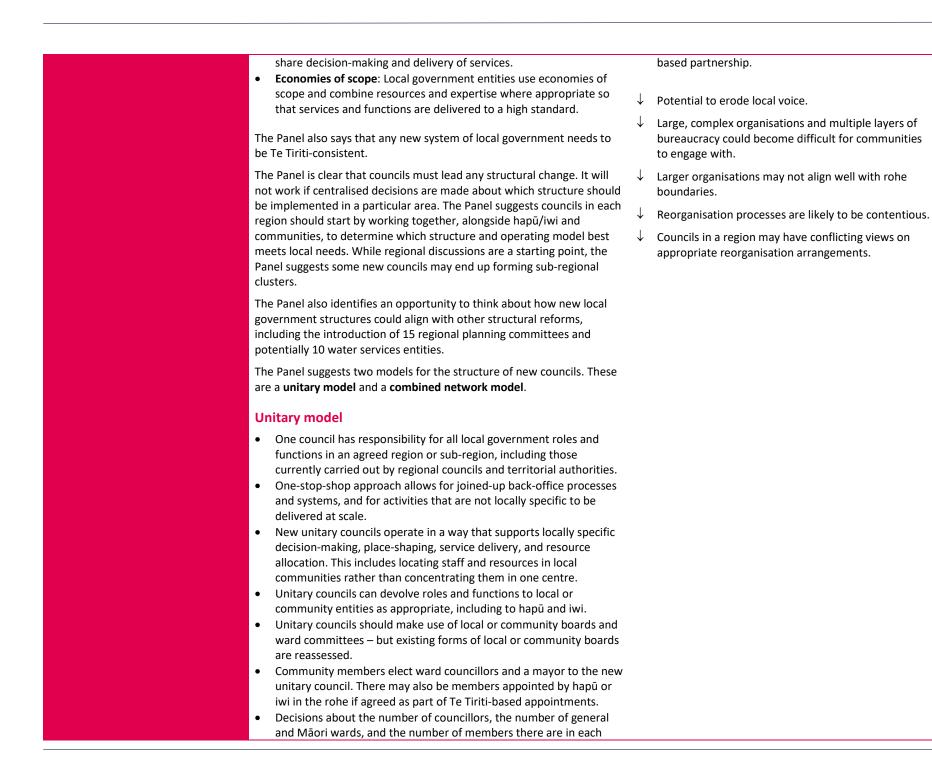
What do you think the advantages and disadvantages of each of the two models that the Panel has proposed are?

How could the two models the Panel proposes be improved?

The Panel only suggests two options. Should any other options be on the table?

Would you consider reorganisation if it made increasing local government's funding more palatable for central government?

What happens if communities think the status quo (including funding) is working?

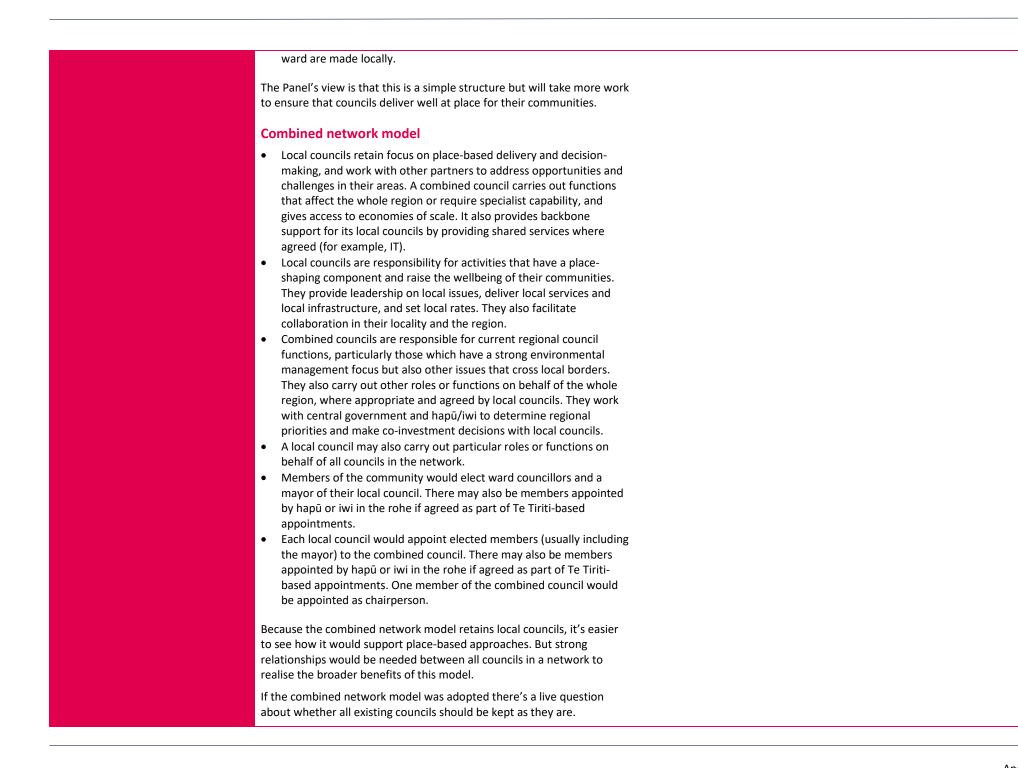




What should happen if councils and communities can't reach agreement on any structural change?

Do you agree with the Panel that reorganisation of local government should happen in tranches/a staged way?

Are you on board with exploring reorganisation if ultimately all you're committing to is having a conversation with your community about what their views are?









How much do you think a new department with a dedicated focus on central and local government's relationship would improve that relationship?

Are there other ways of improving the relationship between local government and central government agencies?

How should this new department interact with existing agencies like DIA and the new Spatial Planning Office?

	 functions. Support consistent and more deliberate data collection and analysis, at a place-based level. Develop research and innovation capability that maximises local government's contribution to the intergenerational wellbeing of its communities. Assess and inform policies that affect local government or where local government can make a greater contribution to national priorities. 				
	The Panel says that to carry out these functions effectively, the new department must have the status and authority to convene multiple central government agencies. That's because it would need to resolve strategic policy or cross-cutting issues in the relationship between central and local government.				
	The Panel's report doesn't address whether this Crown department should be separate from DIA. Some of DIA's functions are in the list of functions the Panel thinks the Crown department should perform, others have been identified as ones the proposed stewardship institution could perform. DIA has some remaining local government functions whose future home remains unclear (eg for local government legislation).				
	There's also an opportunity to think about how this proposed department could align with the Spatial Planning Office that is being established to support the interdepartmental Spatial Planning Board. This is a board of central government agency chief executives that will have an interest in the process and outcomes of the new regional spatial planning approach – which is in part intended to deliver more joined up investment in regional growth by central and local government (in partnership with mana whenua).				
 #9 Establish a new local government stewardship institution to strengthen the health and fitness of the system. This entity should: provide care for and oversight of the local government system, including the health of local democracy and local government's future-fit capability and capacity 	The Panel has recommended creating a new independent local government stewardship institution to strengthen the health and fitness of the local government system. Currently there are a number of different players that have local government stewardship roles including DIA, the Local Government Commission, LGNZ and Taituarā. Each organisation plays different roles and brings a different lens. The range of organisations involved in stewardship means that there's no clear high-level picture of what is good and needed for the local government system as a whole. Instead, there's a complex, overlapping and often disjointed web of roles and	↑ ↑ ↑	Would fill a gap in local government's legislative architecture, as there is no quality control or agency able to take a "whole of government" view. An independent institution could provide an unfettered assessment of the health and fitness of the system and view of local government's needs. Opportunity to be innovative and create a new institution that is not bound by current or institutional forms.	?	?
 foster common purpose and relationships support and enable the health of 	responsibilities.	Ť	Stewardship agency could provide more focus and resource dedicated to growing local government		



Do you think local government needs a stewardship institution? What should a stewardship institution focus on?

Are there any alternatives to creating a new, standalone institution? Could LGNZ, Taituarā and the Local Government Commission be resourced to provide some of the stewardship functions?

the Māori–local government relationship • incorporate the current roles and responsibilities of the Local Government Commission.	 The Panel has suggested that the new institution would build on existing work by central and local government agencies, and that its stewardship priorities should be: Oversight and care for the health and fitness of the local government system. Building capability and capacity of the local government system. Fostering relationships and driving towards a common purpose. Supporting and enabling the health of the iwi/hapū/Māori relationship. Incorporating the functions of the Local Government Commission. The Panel also recommends that the stewardship institution should: Have responsibility for guiding and supporting the Panel's proposed structural reform process. Provide governance support to councils, including support for code of conduct matters, and advice to ministers. Play a role in future representation reviews. Assess the cumulative impact of central government decisions on the local government system. Design a governance framework to support the local government system. The Panel says existing sector organisations don't have the resources or mandates to fulfil these functions and roles. The Panel proposes that the stewardship institution work alongside a new Crown department focused on facilitating the relationship between central and local government. 	$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \uparrow \\ \downarrow \\$	capacity and capability in certain areas – including those needed to support system change. Has the potential to duplicate functions performed by existing central government agencies, such as the Office of the Auditor-General. Considerable cost involved in setting up any institution. Level of investment required means it may not actually be independent. Need for more certainty around how any stewardship institution would interact with the proposed Crown agency (see recommendation 8). Independence may result in actual or perceived failure by the institution to meet local government's needs. Any investment by local government in setting up the new institution may impact the level to which local government can invest in its own membership organisations.
#10 Local government and councils develop and invest in democratic innovations, including participatory and deliberative democracy processes.	LGNZ's vision is for New Zealand to be the most active and inclusive local democracy in the world. Through our engagement on the Future for Local Government, we've heard that councils want their communities to be more actively engaged with local government. Councils' engagement and consultation with communities is currently guided by the provisions in Part 6 of the LGA. These provisions can reduce those processes to compliance exercises, rather than deep and meaningful engagements and collaborations. Greater use of participatory and deliberative democracy processes could more actively involve a range of communities in decision-making in innovative ways and ramp up engagement. Participatory democracy	↑ ↑ ↑	Likely to increase engagement with and participation in local government – which in turn is likely to increase voter turnout. Participatory and deliberative democracy processes can be tailored to meet communities' unique needs and circumstances. They would help increase engagement with diverse groups that can be under-represented (eg Māori, Pasifika, youth, lower socio-economic groups). May help to strengthen trust in local democracy.

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How do we ensure that any stewardship agency is independent?

What stops councils using participatory and deliberative democracy processes?

What would help or support your council to make greater use of participatory and deliberative democracy processes?

How else could councils get more citizens engaged and

	processes enable any citizen to voice their opinion on a particular topic. Deliberative democracy processes involve a representative sample of the population responding to a particular question. Many councils are already using these processes. For example, the Bay of Plenty Regional Council has used participatory budgeting, and Horowhenua District Council has set up citizens' panels.	\downarrow \downarrow	Participatory and deliberative democracy processes can be costly and time consuming. Some councils don't have the capacity or capability right now to engage in new and different ways with their communities.		
	While there's nothing in the LGA stopping councils from using participatory or deliberative democracy processes, changes to the LGA would support and encourage greater use of them, as well as making engagement less of a compliance exercise.	\downarrow	There's not currently a good level of understanding of the processes that could be used – more sharing of best practice is needed.		
#11 Enhance local democracy in order to increase access and representation by:	Right now councils can decide which voting system they use in local body elections – either Single Transferable Vote (STV) or First Past the Post (FPP).	1	Consistent local body voting systems across the country would help build understanding and reduce confusion.	?	?
 adopting ranked voting (also known as single transferrable vote or STV) as nationwide method for local elections 	FPP involves voters using a tick to indicate their chosen candidate/s. The candidate/s with the most votes are elected. Under STV, voters use numbers to rank candidates in order of preference. Fifteen councils used the STV voting method in 2022, up from 11 in 2019.	1	Likely to result in greater diversity around council tables. This would likely increase community engagement and participation – particularly by traditionally under-represented communities.		
	The Panel says STV better represents voters' choices because a vote is transferred if a preferred candidate does not succeed. This transfer of votes avoids wasted ballots. Early research demonstrates that STV leads to improvements in the representation of women. However, the representative benefits of STV work best when there is a large pool of	\uparrow	Having more wards might mean more candidates stand, and prompt councils to take new approaches to their representation arrangements. Removes the flexibility for councils to make a choice		
	candidates and wards, with more than one seat being contested. The Panel recognises STV is not well understood by voters. It recommends changing its name to something like 'ranked choice voting'.	about which voting system they want to use. There is public confusion and lack of understanding about STV. FPP is a more straightforward system for voters.			
		Ŷ	Introducing new voting systems may be costly for councils.		
 #11 Enhance local democracy in order to increase access and representation by: ▶ lowering the voting age for local elections to 16. 	The current minimum voting age for both local and general elections is 18. There have been calls to lower the voting age to 16, including through the Make it 16 campaign. The Government recently introduced the Electoral (Lowering Voting Age for Local Elections and Polls) Legislation Bill. If passed, the Bill would enable 16- and 17-year olds to vote and stand in local elections and vote in local polls. 16- and 17-year olds would remain ineligible to vote or be candidates in ligancing trust elections.	↑ ↑ ↑	More diverse people engage with and participate in local government. Presents an opportunity to think about introducing and investing in civics education. Opportunity to test whether lowering the voting age increases participation in elections.	?	?
	candidates in licencing trust elections, national referenda and general elections. Any progress on this Bill will depend on the incoming government.	Ι	Provides an opportunity to grow understanding of what local government is and does.		

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interested in local government/local decisionmaking?

What would make it easier for your council to introduce STV?

Is there value in taking a national approach to local government's voting system?

Are there other changes that would increase diversity around the council table and voter turnout?

Should the voting age be the same for local and central government elections?

Would you support lowering the voting age if that was accompanied by civics education?

How else could we increase young people's engagement with and participation in local government?

	 The voting age for local elections is currently 16 in Wales, Scotland and Austria. The Panel has recommended lowering the voting age to 16 as one way to ensure that youth are represented in local democracy. Many councils already facilitate young people's input into local government decision-making, including through youth councils and youth panels. There is no formal requirement in New Zealand for younger people to receive civics education. 	\downarrow \downarrow \uparrow	Local government being treated as a 'guinea pig' and potential for inconsistent approaches between general and local elections. Lowering the voting age might not increase participation in local body elections if not coupled with civics education. Some people think 16- and 17-year olds lack the skills, experience and knowledge to vote and stand for election or are strongly influenced by parents/peers.		
#11 Enhance local democracy in order to increase access and representation by: ► providing for a four-year local	Councils are currently elected to represent their communities for a three-year term. Governments are also elected for a three-year term. There's growing debate here and overseas about whether three-year	↑ ↑	Would give councils more time to get things done and deliver good outcomes for their communities. Would probably encourage decision-making focused	✓	?
electoral term	terms give councils and governments enough time to deliver for their communities. Four years is the most common length of term for councils in comparable overseas jurisdictions: Scotland, England, most of Canada	¢	on the longer-term. May encourage greater turnout in local body elections.		
	and a number of Australian states. In some parts of the world, it's five years. We've heard from some of you that if local government terms shifted to	\downarrow	May be seen as limiting turnover (and therefore diversity of views) of elected members.		
	three years so should central government, to ensure alignment between central and local government planning and decision-making cycles.	\downarrow	There are challenges if central and local government planning and decision-making cycles don't align. May lead to less interest in (and engagement with)		
	Significant constitutional changes such as this usually require a broad political consensus and significant community engagement. While likely to be supported by both major parties, a four-year term for central and local government is likely to attract criticism and so central government	\downarrow	local government. May lead to more by-elections, with associated costs		
	are likely to be cautious in implementing this recommendation.	\downarrow	and other impacts. Dysfunctional councils would have a greater impact and erode public trust to a greater degree.		?
#11 Enhance local democracy in order to increase access and	The Panel says Te Tiriti-based partnership will be significantly enhanced if iwi and hapū are represented at the council table. It recommends legislative change to allow for Te Tiriti-based appointments to councils	1	A meaningful way to give effect to Te Tiriti-based partnership.	?	?
representation by: ► enabling Te Tiriti-based	as well as the development of policy and processes to support this change.	↑	Would increase the diversity of views around the council table.		
	 The Panel says it made this recommendation because: Representative mechanisms based solely on the Western ideal of proportional democracy cannot always provide a level of influence consistent with a Te-Tiriti based partnership. The collective, political authority aspect of rangatiratanga is predominantly held and exercised by hapū/iwi, and Māori wards were not designed to ensure representation of mana whenua or 	1	Flexibility for hapū and iwi to participate in this way if they wish, rather than it being mandatory reflects that circumstances and preferences will vary between hapū and iwi.		



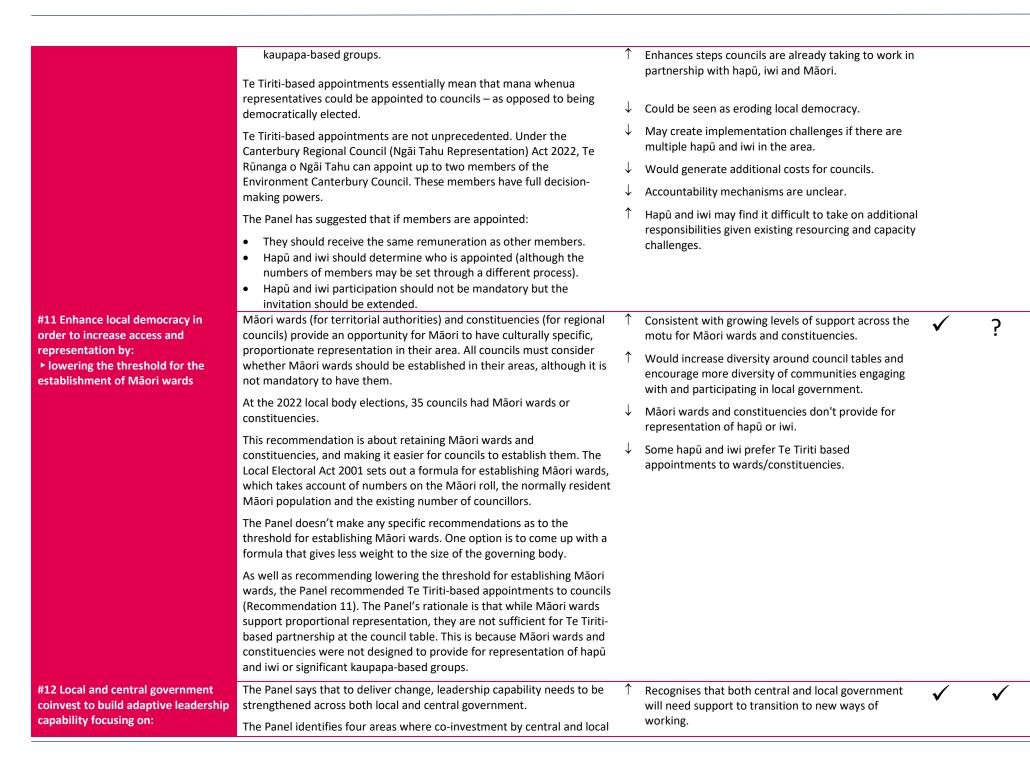
Is a four-year term the right	
length?	

Do you think local and central government terms should be the same length?

If the local government term was increased, should there be any changes to the current powers of the minister to assist or intervene when there are problems with management or governance?

How could concerns about the democratic implications of these appointments be addressed?

What else could give effect to a Te Tiriti-based partnership between local government and hapū, iwi and Māori?





Are Māori wards and constituencies the most effective mechanism for involving Māori in decisionmaking?

Should we place greater emphasis on this recommendation, or the recommendation to introduce Te Tiriti-based appointments?

How could this recommendation align with the Panel's suggestion that a local

 leading change and system renewal valuing civic leadership and public service partnership and collaboration innovation and experimentation. 	 government would drive the changes it recommends. These include investing in: Growing, supporting and developing leaders in local government (particularly CEs and also council staff) who are open to learning, taking calculated risks and trying new things. Maintaining, valuing and recognising the importance of civic leadership and public service. This is about embedding the ethos of public service in the culture and values of councils. Supporting people in local government to develop skills around building relationships, partnerships and collaboration. The Panel saw this as an opportunity for central and local government to think about how they can better share people and collaborate on development, through things like secondments, partnerships and shared training. 	$\uparrow \qquad \uparrow \qquad \downarrow \qquad \downarrow$	ways it's doing things for local government to make progress. Enhances and supports the work councils, LGNZ and Taituarā are already doing in these areas – while recognising there's room to do more.					
	 Building a culture and risk appetite for embracing new technology and innovative ways of doing things. The report doesn't go into detail on what the investment to support these four areas could look like, or how investment could be shared between central and local government. 	 ↓ 	Some members of the public may see this as unnecessary investment in central and local government bureaucracy. Local government's existing, significant funding pressures will make it difficult for it to invest more in these areas.					
	Many councils are already working to build skills, capability and capacity in these four areas. LGNZ and Taituarā also support councils' capability building. Supporting councils to develop in these areas is a key focus of LGNZ's Choose Localism mahi.							
 #13 In order to prioritise and deliver on wellbeing, central government makes a greater investment in local government through: significant funding to support local priorities, place-based agreements, and devolution of roles. 	This is another idea for how the funding pressures facing councils could be alleviated. This recommendation is less about a direct transfer of funding to councils, and more about how central government investments align with councils' investments in local needs and priorities, and how it invests in councils' capacity and capability to deliver. This recommendation presents an opportunity to think about how central government could invest in councils by enabling them to deliver certain services on behalf of central government at the local level. This option alone is unlikely to fully address funding pressures.	$\uparrow \\ \uparrow \\ \uparrow \\ \uparrow \\ \downarrow$	Recognises that local government's proximity to its communities means it's best placed to make decisions about what investments are needed. Creates better alignment between central and local government investment. Helps to minimise duplication of investment. Presents an opportunity to think about devolving roles to local government. Potential for funding commitments by central government to relate to their priorities rather than genuinely reflect local priorities/needs.	✓				
#13 In order to prioritise and deliver on wellbeing, central government	Local government faces a significant funding challenge – it simply does not have enough funding to meet growing expectations from	↓ ↑	Likely to introduce greater need for compliance with central government reporting/accountability obligations, which may have impacts on local government workload. Provides councils with additional funding to deliver services to meet the needs of current and future	✓				

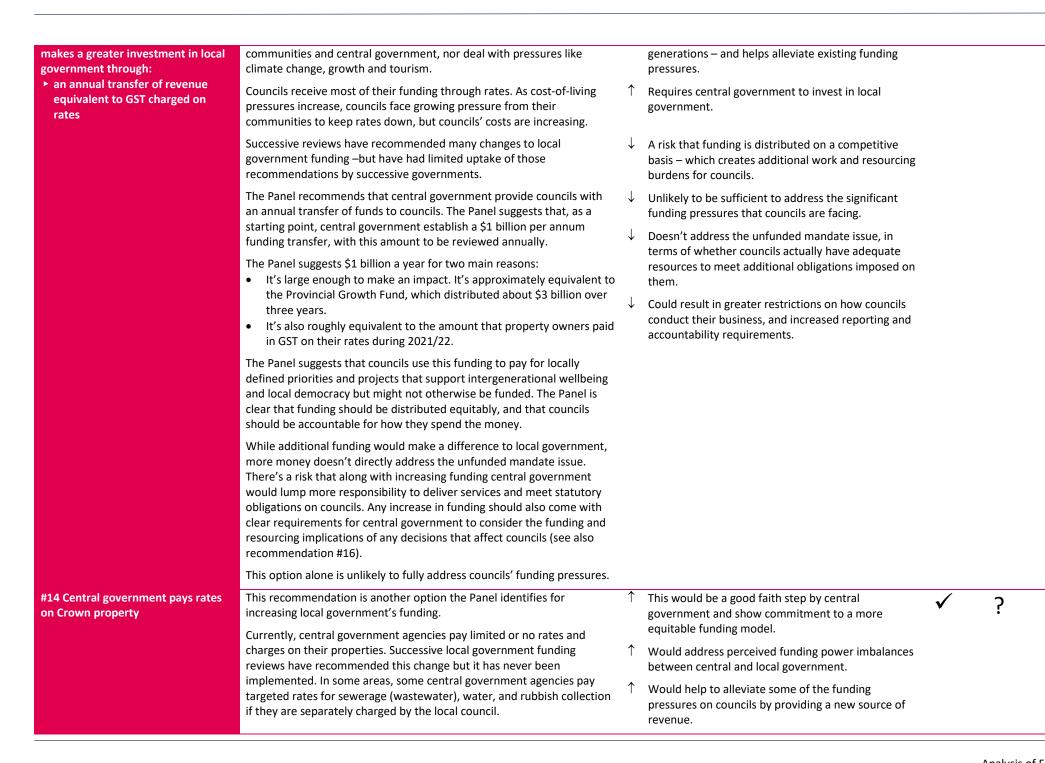
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government stewardship agency should be created?
Could central government invest in enabling LGNZ and Taituarā to enhance the work they're already doing to support councils develop (which would be a cheaper option)?
Are there any other areas where we need to invest to build leadership capability?
What might make it difficult to align investment priorities with central government?
Are there any particular areas where you think aligned investment would be helpful (eg transport, infrastructure, community services)?
Do you think that an annual

Do you think that an annual transfer of \$1 billion is





sufficient? How would you determine an appropriate amount?

Should this funding be 'earmarked' for certain council activities, or should councils be able to spend it as they please?

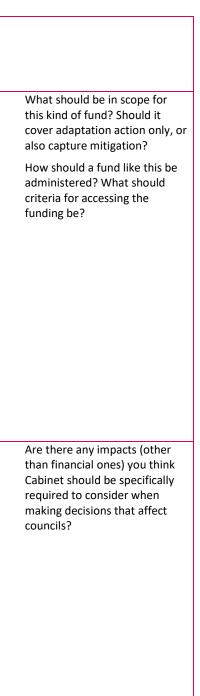
How should this funding be allocated? For example, should it be on a competitive basis or an equitable basis (like a formula), or a subsidy for specific activities (like the Transport Financial Assistance Rate)?

What are other options for increasing the funding available to local government?

What about councils that don't have large amounts of Crownowned land and capital improvements?

	The Panel recommends that central government pays rates and charges on its land and capital improvements. Legislative change would be needed to make this happen. This option alone is unlikely to fully address funding pressures.	↓	Potentially only benefits those districts/cities/regions with large amounts of Crown-owned land and capital improvements – so funding inequity issues remain.		
 on its land and capital improvements. Legislative change would be needed to make this happen. This option alone is unlikely to fully address funding pressures. #15 Central government develops an intergenerational fund for climate change action is a challenge for councils now and will become even bigger challenge in the future, as extreme weather events and local decision-making. Funding climate change action is a challenge for councils now and will become more frequent and severe. Climate change is a challenge that councils and to capital improvements. Legislative change is a challenge that councils and to capital improvements. A good example of a way in which central government could invest in action at the local level that supports it to realise national level objectives. For many years, there have been calls by local government (and others) for more funding to support climate change adaptation action. They have left open the question of whether the fund should work, or what the level of funding contributed by central government should be. These issues are currently being considered through the Environment Committee inquiry into community-led retreat. #16 Cabinet is required to consider When making decisions that affect councils, there's currently no requirement for Cabinet to consider how the decision will impact local for any consider to consider the funding impact on local 	 pressures facing councils. Funding climate change action is a challenge for councils now and will become even bigger challenge in the future, as extreme weather events become more frequent and severe. Climate change is a challenge that councils and communities won't be able to fund on their own. For many years, there have been calls by local government (and others) for more funding to support climate change action at the local level. The Panel recommends that this fund be used for climate change 		?		
	The Panel hasn't gone into great detail about how the fund should work, or what the level of funding contributed by central government should be. These issues are currently being considered through the	$\downarrow \qquad \downarrow \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad$	 adaptation challenges. Complexity in determining best use of the fund – including timing and level of investment in different projects. Competitive funding processes create additional burdens for councils. Could create false sense of security and disincentivise 		
#16 Cabinet is required to consider the funding impact on local government of proposed policy decisions.	requirement for Cabinet to consider how the decision will impact local government's funding/resourcing. This means that decisions often impose new and additional requirements on councils that they cannot afford or don't have the resources to fulfil. This is known as an unfunded mandate and creates pressures on councils' existing budgets and resourcing. Introducing a requirement on Cabinet to consider the impacts of its decisions on local government's funding wouldn't necessarily translate to more funding for local government – Cabinet would need to agree to make more funding available. But it would result in greater scrutiny of the changes and requirements imposed on local government, and the support they need to fulfil them. As noted above, making additional funding available to councils should be coupled with this recommendation to ensure councils can meet any	$\uparrow \qquad \qquad \uparrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$	responsibilities being placed on local government – and potential for increased funding to support councils to fulfil them. Might help limit the number of additional responsibilities (without extra funding) being imposed on local government. Requirement to consider funding impacts of decisions doesn't automatically result in additional funding being provided. May require more reporting from local government to enable central government agencies to provide assessments to Cabinet – which could add to existing	 Image: A start of the start of	×





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#17 Central government commits to enabling the future transition with funding to:

- resource a transition unit to support the change and system renewal of local government
- supplement local government capacity funding to enable hapū/iwi and Māori to partner with councils
- support councils to:
- build Te Tiriti and te ao Māori capability and grow hapū/iwi and Māori relationships
- lift their immediate capacity and capability to innovatively deliver wellbeing priorities for their communities
- trial and grow participatory and deliberative democracy practices.

This recommendation suggests ways in which central government should provide funding and resourcing to support local government to transition to a new future, including resourcing the establishment of a transition unit and providing local government with additional funding to support hapū/iwi and Māori to build their capacity to partner with councils.

It also suggests that central government needs to provide councils with additional resourcing to support them to build capability around Te Tiriti and te ao Māori, innovatively deliver wellbeing priorities, and trial and grow the use of participative and deliberative democracy processes.

The Panel suggests that a transition unit should be established as a formal entity to start the reform programme, including leading work to establish the stewardship agency and Crown department that the Panel recommends, and setting the mechanics and legislative settings that would be needed to support reorganisation and realignment of local government. It also suggests that the transition unit looks at broader policy and budget changes that would be needed to support new ways of partnering between local government, central government, and hapū/iwi.

The Panel recommends that before the transition unit is established, a steering group should be set up and resourced to scope the reform programme and establish the transition unit. It recommends that the steering group be chaired by a local government leader, play a key role in advising the incoming Government and reflect a genuine partnership between central and local government – including being supported by a joint team from across central and local government.

LGNZ and Taituarā are already leading work with local government to think about what the reform programme could look like. LGNZ's work to build a consensus position on the Panel's report is a key part of this.

- Recognises that change to local government will require strong partnership between central and local government.
- Recognises the significant level of work and investment that will be needed to deliver the change that the Panel recommends.
- Resourcing councils to get on with work they can do ahead of legislative/system change (eg trialling use of participative and deliberative democracy and building Te Tiriti and te ao Māori capability).
- Some may view establishment of steering group and transition unit as unnecessary layers of bureaucracy/significant additional cost.
- May result in more 'top down' control of what local government's future looks like – rather than giving local government the ability to shape its own future.
- Risks that steering group and transition unit processes will create additional work for councils.
- Perceptions that steering group and transition unit processes and bureaucracy can slow down progress.

2



Do you think it would be useful to establish a steering group and transition unit along the lines the Panel has proposed?

What could an alternative approach be? For example, could LGNZ and Taituarā be resourced to lead some of this work with local government instead?

10 Reports for Information

10.1 Update on the 2024-2034 Long Term Plan

Author: Carol Gordon, Group Manager - Democracy & Planning

Authoriser: Carol Gordon, Group Manager - Democracy & Planning

1. Reason for Report

1.1 To provide the Committee with an update on progress with the 2024-34 Long Term Plan.

2. LTP Workshops

- 2.1 Since July 2023 Council has held six workshops with elected members.
- 2.2 Outcomes from these workshops include:
 - Endorsed the officer suggestion to continue with a combined Finance / Infrastructure strategy.
 - Council gave staff direction to not to have a formal pre-engagement process but to start socialising the LTP brand and messaging as soon as its developed.
 - Population assumption endorsed the Infometrics High scenario.
 - Population distribution assumption endorsed the distribution that aligns with the Community Spatial Plan.
 - Commenced the review of the current strategic framework.
 - Following a survey of elected members, the top two priorities identified were Roading and Town Centres.
 - Agreed to form a Working Group to process the Marton Civic Centre process.
 - Discussed future financial pressures and uncertainty.
 - Set up a Working Group to review the Revenue & Financing Policy.
 - Agreed on assumptions for the Future for Local Government (FFLG) review; 3 Waters and Resource Management Act (RMA) reforms.
 - Gave input into the Environmental Scan document.
 - Agreed on the LTP branding.
 - Advised preference was to retain Developer Agreements and Council's current policy not to have a development contributions policy [noting this will be part of the simultaneous consultation in March].
 - Noted there would be two externally facilitated workshops on 10 October for the review of the Significance & Engagement Policy.

3. Roadmap

3.1 Staff have developed an LTP roadmap, which is essentially a living document which gets updated regularly as priorities and tasks are completed or timing is altered. Refer to Attachment 1 for the latest copy of this roadmap.

4. Next Steps

- 4.1 During October staff will review all the capital and operational budgets. A first draft of these budgets will be presented to elected members in November.
- 4.2 In December elected members will review the first draft of the Consultation Document, with feedback due mid-late January.
- 4.3 The Audit team will start their review of the Consultation Document and all the supporting information at the end of January 2024.
- 4.4 It is envisaged that the formal submission period will be from 4 March to 31 March 2024.

5. Decision Making Process

5.1 There are no decisions to make in regard to this item, it is provided as an update to the Long Term Plan process currently underway.

Attachments:

1. Roadmap to 2024 2034 LTP 🕹

Recommendation

That the Update on the 2024-34 Long Term Plan report be received.

Roadmap - 2024-34 Long Term Plan

June	July	August	September	October	November	December
 Workshop – 15 June Topics: LTP 101 Population assumption Outcomes Reached: Agreed to keep the combined approach for the infrastructure and financial strategies. Low-key pre-engagement with early socialising of an LTP brand Infometrics high population assumption. Milestones for the month: Agreement on population assumption 	 Workshop – 12 July Topics: Strategic Direction Setting Passenger Transport over the next 10 years (Cr Wong) Discussion on High Street buildings Outcomes Reached: Population distribution Initial review of strategic framework 3 actions for Marton Civic Centre Milestones for the month: Environmental Scan 	 Workshop - 3 August Topics: Finance 101 (Explanation of balanced budget; depreciation; debt; alt funding options) Outcomes Reached: Financial scene setting Workshop - 24 August Topics: Environmental Scan Assumptions update (3 waters; FFLG) R&F Policy Introduction LTP timeframes Engagement Strategy Continuation of Strategic Direction Setting Outcomes Reached: Working Group to review Rev & Fin Policy (HWTM, Crs Dalgety, Wong, Wilson, Loudon, Calkin) Further input on Strategic Framework, including wellbeings, community outcomes Assumptions on 3 Waters, FFLG, RMA Milestones for the month: Environmental Scan completed Review of Rev & Fin Policy commenced 	 Workshop – 7 September Topics: Roading 101 Groups of Activities (incl Levels of Service and performance measures TBC) Capex projects? Review of Rates Remission policy Working Group for Marton Civic Centre Review of Contributions Policy and Development Agreement Workshop – 14 September Topics: Introduction to Group of Activities Topics for consultation Comms / engagement update Solid waste Forestry differential (to be part of Rev & Fin Review) Milestones for the month: Confirmation of Council's capex position Identification of any new roles (ELT) Agreed to continue with Development Agreements 	 Policy / Planning Committee – 12 October LTP Agenda Items: Review of Significance & Engagement Policy, including review of Māori contribution to decision making Continuation of review of strategic direction Outcomes sought: LTP Workshop - 19 October Topics: First review of Financial and Infrastructure Strategy Review of relevant Policies AMPs for council facilities, parks, solid waste, roading (overview) GoA discussion (incl maintenance of Taihape Reserves) Heritage discussion (Cr Loudon's email) Swim centre extension of hours Discussion on all council halls (improvements?) Financial strategy – rates limits, including differentials and new targeted rates Key topics to consult on in CD (targeted rates?) Milestones for the month: ELT to review first draft of the Opex and Capex budget (11 Oct) 	LTP Workshop - 9 November Topics: • Update on QV Valuations • AMPs for council facilities, parks, solid waste, roading (overview) [if not in Oct] LTP Workshop – 23 November Topics: • Draft LTP Financials • Second Review of Financial and Infrastructure Strategy Decisions required by Council: Approval of Roading AMP	LTP Workshop - 6 December – 1pm or 7 December – 9.30am Topics: • Draft LTP Financials • Draft Schedule of Fees and Charges Milestones for the month: • Draft CD to Elected Members by the end of the month (Xmas reading) Decisions required by Council:

Roadmap - 2021-31 Long Term Plan

January	February	March	April	Мау	June	July
LTP Workshop - 25 January	Council Meeting – 29 February	Formal consultation period	Council meeting – mid April	Council meeting – 9 May	6 June - Final audit before adoption	Publish LTP by 20 July
Topics: • Final review of Consultation document	Agenda Items: • Adopt Consultation Document and Supporting Information	(4 – 31 March)	Agenda Items: Verbal hearings on submissions	Agenda Items: • Deliberations on submissions	Council meeting - 20 June Agenda Items:	
	Audit Audit of CD and supporting information (wks of 5 and 12 Feb)			Council meeting – 30 May Agenda Items: • Adoption of Fees & Charges	 Adoption of LTP; rates resolution; etc 	

Notes:

Items in *italics* are ones that have been completed.

Full agendas and notes are stored on bigtincan (for EMs).

Detailed key topics and workshop information - http://intranet/RDCDoc/Strategic-Planning/Long-Term-Plans/LTP20242034/Proposed%20Workshop%20Dates%20and%20Content%20LTP.docx

Anything highlighted in yellow is a change from the previous published version

10.2 Funding Schemes Update - September 2023

Author: Kezia Spence, Governance Advisor

1. Overview

- 1.1 Council currently administers four funding schemes for the Rangitikei District:
 - a. Community Initiatives Fund
 - b. Events Sponsorship Scheme
 - c. Creative Communities Scheme
 - d. Sport NZ Rural Travel Fund

2. Community Initiatives Fund

- 2.1 This is a Council fund intended to support community-based projects in the Rangitīkei District that develop community cohesion and community resilience.
- 2.2 Council allocated \$30,000 to this fund annually, to be distributed across two separate funding rounds.
- 2.3 Council allocated \$13,730 in round one at the Finance and Performance meeting on the 31 August 2023.
- 2.4 Round two for 2023/24 will open on 02 October 2023 and will close 01 March 2024.

3. Events Sponsorship Scheme

- 3.1 This is a Council fund intended to support events in the district that help to develop community cohesion and reinforce economic growth.
- 3.2 Council has allocated \$25,000 to this fund annually, to be distributed across two separate funding rounds.
- 3.3 Council allocated \$18,470 in round one at the Finance and Performance meeting on the 31 August 2023.

4. Creative Communities Scheme

- 4.1 This fund is supplied by Creative NZ and administered by Council. Applications are encouraged from community groups and individuals whose projects:
 - Demonstrate growth over time
 - Develop and support local artistic communities
 - Encourage a transfer of artistic skills
 - Support diversity and inclusion
 - Projects with a youth focus are also encouraged
- 4.2 Creative NZ typically allocates \$24,090 (+ GST) to the Rangitikei District Council on an annual basis, and this is distributed across two separate funding rounds.

5. Sport NZ Rural Travel Fund

5.1 This fund is supplied by Sport NZ and administered by Council. The fund is targeted at young people aged between 5 and 19 years, and is open to rural sport club teams and

rural school club teams with eligible members who require subsidies to assist with transport expenses to local sporting competitions.

- 5.2 Sport NZ typically allocates \$9,500 (+ GST) to the Rangitikei District Council on an annual basis. There is one funding round per year. This year the fund increased to \$12,825.
- 5.3 The funding round is open for applications 19 May 2023 and will close 04 April 2024.

6. Further Information

6.1 More details about these funding opportunities can be found on the Council website (link below) and this is also where applications can be submitted: <u>https://www.rangitikei.govt.nz/district/community/grants-funding</u>

Recommendation

That the Funding Schemes Update – September 2023 be received.

10.3 RDC Engagement and Consultations

Author: Kezia Spence, Governance Advisor

1. Reason for Report

1.1 Attached is the most recently updated schedule for RDC Engagement and Consultations. This schedule is updated on a monthly basis, prior to going to full Council for receipt.

2. RDC Website

2.1 Council's website lists all open and recently closed consultations (see the below weblink). This is also where individuals can make submissions. https://www.rangitikei.govt.nz/council/consultation/current-consultations

Attachments:

1. RDC Engagement and Consultations Schedule - Updated August 2023 🕹

Recommendation

That the report 'RDC Engagement and Consultations' be received.

Engagement / Consultations - 2023/24

RANGITĪKEI DISTRICT COUNCIL

ТОРІС	Staff (Lead)	Elected Member (Lead)	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ост	ΝΟΥ	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	ΜΑΥ	JUN
Three Waters	Arno						NE	XT STEP:	S TO BE C	ONFIRMI	D				
Speed Management Plan (Urban and Rural)	Arno					Pi		on							
Long Term Plan	Carol					_						Pub Consul			
Public Places Bylaw	Katrina														
Control of Advertising Bylaw	Katrina														
Trading in Public Places Bylaw	Katrina					Public Consultation									
Flying Drones in Council Parks	Katrina					Public Consultation									

Кеу

Stakeholder Engagement (by other orgs)
 Stakeholder Engagement (RDC)

Public Consultation
 Public Con
 Public Engagement
 Local and I

Public Consultation (by Central Government)
 Local and national campaign

10.4 Small Projects Fund Update - October 2023

Author: Kezia Spence, Governance Advisor

1. Allocation

1.1 The yearly allocation of the 2023/24 Small Projects Fund for the Marton Community Committee is \$3,567.19.

2. Breakdown

- 2.1 The committee approved funding of \$500 for the Marton Community Garden at the meeting 09 August 23. This has not been paid yet.
- 2.2 The remainder of the fund allocation is 3,067.19.

Recommendation

That the report 'Small Projects Fund Update – October 2023' be received.

11 Discussion Items

11.1 Signage (Toilets + Effluent Point on King Street)

Author: Carolyn Bates, Chair

1. Reason for Report

1.1 Discussion item: Signage (Toilets + Effluent Point on King Street).

Recommendation

If needed:

11.2 Meet the Candidates

Author: Carolyn Bates, Chair

1. Reason for Report

1.1 Discussion item: Meet the Candidates

Recommendation

11.3 Spatial Plan

Author: Carolyn Bates, Chair

1. Reason for Report

1.1 Discussion item: Spatial Plan

Recommendation

If needed:

11.4 Horizons Transport Review

Author: Carolyn Bates, Chair

1. Reason for Report

1.1 Discussion item: Horizons Transport Review

Recommendation

11.5 Infrastructure Reports

Author: Carolyn Bates, Chair

1. Reason for Report

1.1 Discussion item: Infrastructure reports.

Recommendation

If needed:

11.6 Street Lights

Author: Carolyn Bates, Chair

1. Reason for Report

1.1 Discussion item: Street lights

Recommendation

11.7 RDC Facebook / Website / Newsletters

Author: Carolyn Bates, Chair

1. Reason for Report

- 1.1 Discussion item: RDC Facebook/ Website/ Newsletters
 - 1.1.1 What is the criteria for getting things included / promoted?

Recommendation

If needed:

11.8 Christmas Tree

Author: Carolyn Bates, Chair

1. Reason for Report

1.1 Discussion item: Christmas Tree

Recommendation

12 Meeting Closed.